

Community Infection Prevention and Control Policies for General Practice

Objective: A comprehensive range of Policies which can be adopted, produced specifically for General Practice by an experienced NHS Community Infection Prevention and Control (IPC) Team. These Policies are also suitable for adoption by other healthcare providers, e.g. Podiatry.

They have been developed to help your organisation with CQC requirements and achieve compliance with the *Health and Social Care Act 2008: code of practice on the prevention and control of infections and related guidance (Code of practice)*. All Policies contain up-to-date national guidance and evidence-based practice.

Overview: An A4 size ring bound folder containing 27 IPC Policies, including:

1. Antimicrobial stewardship
2. Aseptic technique
3. BBVs (Blood-borne viruses)
4. *C. difficile (Clostridioides difficile)*
5. CJD (Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease)
6. Hand hygiene
7. Invasive devices
8. MRGNB, including CPE (Multi-resistant Gram-negative bacteria, including carbapenemase producing Enterobacterales)
9. MRSA (Meticillin resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*)
10. Notifiable diseases
11. Outbreaks of communicable disease
12. Patient placement and assessment for infection risk
13. PPE (Personal protective equipment)
14. PVL-SA (Panton-Valentine Leukocidin *staphylococcus aureus*)
15. Respiratory and cough hygiene
16. Respiratory illnesses
17. Safe disposal of waste, including sharps
18. Safe management of blood and body fluid spillages
19. Safe management of care equipment
20. Safe management of linen, including uniforms and workwear
21. Safe management of sharps and inoculation injuries
22. Safe management of the care environment
23. Scabies
24. Specimen collection
25. SICPS and TBPs (Standard infection control precautions and Transmission based precautions)
26. Venepuncture
27. Viral gastroenteritis/Norovirus

